Allergen statement on Bel-Ray No-Tox® Food Grade lubricants

Bel-Ray No-Tox® Food Grade lubricants meet the NSF International Registration Guidelines for Proprietary Substances and Nonfood Compounds.

Bel-Ray Company, LLC confirms that all Bel-Ray No-Tox® Food Grade products:

- Meet regulatory requirements including FDA 21 CFR for appropriate use, ingredients and labeling review.
- Are NSF registered for incidental contact with food H1 or 3H
- Are free of all allergens listed under EU regulation Annex II in Directive 1169/2011/EC (See next two pages).
- Do not contain any natural products derive from animals, nuts or genetically modified organisms (GMOs).
- Do not contain any animal-derived materials that contribute to bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) and other transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (TSE) including (FSE) Feline Spongiforme Encephalopathy, from animal-derived materials.

All Bel-Ray No-Tox® Lubricants are Kosher and Pareve approved as well as Halal certified.
REGULATION (EU) No 1169/2011 OF

ANNEX II

SUBSTANCES OR PRODUCTS CAUSING ALLERGIES OR INTOLERANCES

1. Cereals containing gluten, namely: wheat, rye, barley, oats, spelt, kamut or their hybridised strains, and products thereof except:
   (a) Wheat based glucose syrups including dextrose (1); (b) wheat based maltodextrins (1);
   (c) Glucose syrups based on barley;
   (d) Cereals used for making alcoholic distillates including ethyl alcohol of agricultural origin;

2. Crustaceans and products thereof;

3. Eggs and products thereof;

4. Fish and products thereof, except:
   (a) fish gelatine used as carrier for vitamin or carotenoid preparations;
   (b) fish gelatine or Isinglass used as fining agent in beer and wine;

5. Peanuts and products thereof;

6. Soybeans and products thereof, except:
   (a) fully refined soybean oil and fat (1);
   (b) Natural mixed tocopherols (E306), natural D-alpha tocopherol, natural D-alpha tocopherol acetate, and natural D-alpha tocopherol succinate from soybean sources;
   (c) Vegetable oils derived phytosterols and phytosterol esters from soybean sources;
   (d) plant stanol ester produced from vegetable oil sterols from soybean sources;

7. Milk and products thereof (including lactose), except:
   (a) Whey used for making alcoholic distillates including ethyl alcohol of agricultural origin;
   (b) Lactitol;
8. Nuts, namely: almonds (*Amygdalus communis* L.), hazelnuts (*Corylus avellana*), walnuts (*Juglans regia*), cashews (*Anacardium occidentale*), pecan nuts (*Carya illinoinsis* (Wangenh.) K. Koch), Brazil nuts (*Bertholletia excelsa*), pistachio nuts (*Pistacia vera*), macadamia or Queensland nuts (*Macadamia ternifolia*), and products thereof, except for nuts used for making alcoholic distillates including ethyl alcohol of agricultural origin;

9. Celery and products thereof;

10. Mustard and products thereof;

11. Sesame seeds and products thereof;

12. Sulphur dioxide and sulphites at concentrations of more than 10 mg/kg or 10 mg/litre in terms of the total SO₂ which are to be calculated for products as proposed ready for consumption or as reconstituted according to the instructions of the manufacturers;

13. Lupin and products thereof;


(1) And the products thereof, in so far as the process that they have undergone is not likely to increase the level of allergenicity assessed by the Authority for the relevant product from which they originated.